

# Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification of the Substance/Mixture and the Supplier

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(AIST)

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ID Number : 4014001

Identity of : Certified reference material NMIJ CRM 4014-a

Substance/Mixture 1,1-Dichloroethylene

Recommended Use

: This CRM is primarily intended for use in calibrating analytical of the Chemical and instruments. It is also intended for quality control of analytical Restriction on Use

instruments, and validation of analytical techniques and

instruments.

Do not use this reference material for other purposes than

testing/research.

This CRM is a reference material (specified in the Japanese

Industrial Standard (JIS) Q 0030).

#### 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification: Flammable liquid : Hazard Category 1

> Acute Toxicity (Oral) : Hazard Category 4 Acute Toxicity (inhalation, : Hazard Category 3

vapor)

Reproductive toxicity : Hazard Category 2

Specific Target Organ : Hazard Category 1 (Liver, kidney,

Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity respiratory organ)

(Single Exposure) Hazard Category 3 (anesthetic

action)

: Hazard Category 1 (Liver) Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity Hazard Category 2 (kidney)

(Repeated Exposure)

Respiratory system : Hazard Category 2

toxicity, if inhaled

Water environment : Hazard Category 3

toxicity (Acute)

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#### GHS Label Element:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazards Statement: Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause damage to organ (Liver, kidney, respiratory system)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Causes damage to organ (liver) through prolonged or repeated

exposure

May cause damage to organ (kidney) through prolonged or repeated

exposure

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways

Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary [Precaution]

Statement: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wash personal protective equipment thoroughly after use.

Take precautions against electrostatic discharge and use explosion-

proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open

flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Use personal protective equipment if necessary.

Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors, spray, etc.

Use protective gloves, protective glasses and face mask.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Ground container and receiving equipment.

Seal tightly after use.

[First-aid Action]

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If on skin or hair: Remove/Take off all contaminated clothing and adhered materials. Rinse skin and hair with running water.

Immediately get medical advice/attention.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

[Storage]

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Store this CRM in dark, cool (about -20 °C), clean and well ventilated place, and seal tightly after use.

[Disposal]

Incinerate in an incinerator equipped with scrubber. When the above-mentioned treatments are not possible, entrust disposal of residual waste to a professional waste disposal company licensed by prefectural governor.

The other hazards than the above do not result in classification or are not classifiable.

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture : Single substance Chemical Identity : 1,1-dichloroethylene

Synonym : Vinylidene chloride, unsym-dichloroethylene

Structural Formula

Molecuar Weight : 96.94

Reference Number in : Act on the Evaluation of Chemical Substances and Regulation

Gazetted List in Japan of Their Manufacture, etc. : (2)-103

Industrial Safety and Health Act : Published

CAS Number : 75-35-4

Hazardous Ingredient : 1,1-dichloroethylene

#### 4. First-aid Measures

If inhaled : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Then get medical advice/attention

immediately.

If on skin : Rinse thoroughly and immediately with plenty of clean water.

Then get medical advice/attention immediately.

If in eyes : Rinse with plenty of water immediately for 15 minutes or more.

Turn eyelids with clean fingers to rinse their inside. Then get

medical advice/attention immediately.

If swallowed : Rinse mouse with water and have victim drink plenty of water to

dilute. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce

vomiting.

Expected Acute and

Delayed Symptom

: If inhaled: Causes dizziness, lethargy, headache, nausea and loss of

consciousness

If on skin: Causes red flare and skin burns

If in eyes: Causes red flare and pain

If ingested: Causes stomachache, pharyngodynia and chemical

pneumonitis (which may be delayed symptoms)

Most Critical Characteristic and

Symptom

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Protection of First-Aid Responder

: Use appropriate protective equipment, if necessary.

#### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media : Powder, foam, carbon dioxide, water spray (rod-like water

injection prohibited).

Fire-Specific Hazards : May form irritating or toxic fume (or gas) at the time of fire.

Extinguish from windward, Use personal protective equipment to

avoid inhaling fume or toxic gases.

Specific Fire-Fighting

Method

: Eliminate ignition sources at the origin of a fire and put out fire

by using extinguishing media. Remove movable containers promptly to a safe place. In the case of immovable containers,

cool their surroundings with sprayed water.

Protection of Fire-

**Fighters** 

: Carry out fire-fighting from the windward in order to avoid breathing hazardous gas. Use personal protective equipment such as fireproof clothing, heat-resistant clothing, protective clothing, compressed air open-circuit self-contained breathing apparatus, compressed oxygen closed-circuit self-contained

breathing apparatus, rubber gloves and rubber boots.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precaution

Personal Protective

Equipment and

Emergency

**Procedures** 

: Remove ignition source in the vicinity immediately. Prepare firefighting equipment for the possibility of fires.

: Ventilate the affected areas thoroughly, if it is in an indoor environment, until the clean-up operation is completed. Use appropriate personal protective equipment during the operation to avoid skin contact of splash etc. and inhalation of dust and

gas.

Environmental

Precautions

: Take precautions to prevent spillage from draining into rivers etc. to adversely impact the environment. Make it sure to

appropriately treat contaminated wastewater in order to prevent untreated wastewater from being released into the surrounding

environment.

Recovery and

Neutralization

: Strict ban on fire. Use appropriate personal protective equipment. Adsorb spillage with waste clothes or wiping clothes,

and collect in empty containers. Rinse away the remains with plenty of water.

Prevention of

Secondary Disaster

Mark the restricted area with rope etc. to keep out unauthorized people. Carry out the clean-up operation from the windward and

make people on the leeward side evacuate.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Engineering : Strict ban on fire.

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Precautions Keep away from hot surfaces, sparks and contact with an

oxidizing agent.

Local and General:

Ventilation

Use local ventilation system in indoor handling areas.

Precautions for Safe

Handling

Avoid rough handling such as turning over, dropping, giving a

shock to or dragging containers.

Prevent spill, overflow and scattering, and avoid vapor

generation.

Keep container tightly closed after using this reference material. Wash hands, face etc. thoroughly and gargle after handling this

reference material.

Do not bring gloves and other contaminated personal protective

equipment into staff room.

Make a place handling this reference material a restricted area

to keep out unauthorized people.

Use appropriate personal protective equipment to avoid inhalation and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Restrict drinking, eating and smoking to a designated area.

Use local ventilation system in indoor handling areas.

Electrical equipment to be used in the storage location should be

explosion-proof structure, and grounded, if necessary. Use electrically-conductive work clothing and work shoes.

Storage

Appropriate Storage

Conditions

Use explosion-proof electrical equipment and ground all equipment in storage area. Store in a closed container in a

clean light-shielded place at temperatures around -20 °C.

Engineering : Store in a closed container in a well-ventilated place.

Controls

Strict ban on fire.

Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible

Keep away from strong oxidizer and ignition source.

Materials

Safe Container:

Glass

Packaging Material

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Threshold Limit Value

Not specified

Permissible Concentration (1,1-dichloroethylene)

• ACGIH TLV-TWA : 5ppm(20mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

(2000)

· Value recommended by : Not specified

Japan Society for

Occupational Health (1998)

• OSHA PEL TWA : Not specified

Facility engineering

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Ventilation, exhaust : Local exhaust ventilation system or general ventilation

system

Safety management/gas: Measuring instrument, detector tube

detector

Storing precaution : Ventilate along floor surface. Seal. Keep away from

flammable substances, reducing agents and strong

oxidizers.

Personal Protective equipment

Respiratory protection Protective gas mask for organic vapors, Self-contained

compressed air breathing apparatus,

Hands : Protective gloves

Eyes : Eye protector (Goggle type as necessary)
Skin and Body : Protective clothing, Protective mask

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance, etc.
Color
Colorless
Odor
Sweet smell
Melting point
Boiling point
Clear liquid
Colorless
Sweet smell
122.5 °C
31.7 °C

• Flashing point : -25 °C (closed cup method)

• Explosive range : Lower limit ; 5.6%, upper limit ; 16 %

• Vapor pressure : 960 hPa(30 °C)

• Relative vapor : 3.4

density(Air=1)

• Specific gravity or bulk : 1.2129

specific gravity

• Solubility : 0.25g/100ml(in water at 25 °C)

: 1.32

Soluble in many organic solvents

• n-Octanol/water partition

coefficient (Log Po/w)

· Auto-ignition temperature : No data

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### ♦ Stability

- Easily get polymerized by heating and effects of oxygen, sunlight, copper and aluminum to pose a danger such as fire and explosion.
- · Easily generates explosive peroxide.
- Generates peroxide when contacting with oxygen and get polymerized by heat, light and free radical polymerization catalyst.

#### ♦Reactivity

- Extremely reactive with oxidizer
- ♦ Conditions to Avoid
  - · Exposure to sunlight, ignition source, air and ozone, Overheating, Contact with

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incompatible substances

♦ Conditions to Avoid

· Exposure to sunlight, ignition source, air and ozone, Overheating, Contact with incompatible substances

### 11. Toxicological Information

Oral – Rat LD50=200 mg/kg (RTECS) **Acute Toxicity** 

Mouse LD50=194 mg/kg (RTECS)

Inhalation – Rat LC50=6,350 ppm/4H (RTECS)

Human TCLo=25 ppm (RTECS)

Oral: Classified as Category 4, based on LD50=1,500 mg/kg obtained by applying the calculation equation, referring to LD50 1,550 mg/kg, 1,800 mg/kg and 1,500 mg/kg obtained in the oral administration test using rats (CICAD 51 (2003)).

Inhalation: The results of the inhalation exposure test (vapor) using rats are as follows: LC50 1.66 mg/L (4 hours) ("CERI-

NITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48 (2004)"), 26.18 mg/L (4 hours) ("CERI · NITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48 (2004)"), 25 mg/L (CICAD 51 (2003)), 25.4 mg/L (4 hours) (EHC 100

(1990)), 60 mg/L (4 hours) (EHC 100 (1990)) and 28.4 mg/L (4 hours) (EHC 100 (1990)). LC50 (four-hour equivalent value) = 2,300 ppm is obtained by applying the calculation equation

based on the above test results. Saturated water vapor pressure concentration at saturated vapor pressure of 78.79 kPa

(25°C) is 780,000 ppm. Since the calculated LC50 is lower than 90% of the saturated water vapor pressure concentration, this reference material is regarded as "vapor containing almost no mist." Based on the above, the ppm-based reference value

instead of the mg/L-based reference value is applied and

classified as Category 3.

Skin Corrosion/

not specified

Irritation

Serious eye damage/ not specified

Eye irritation

Germ Cell Mutagenicity No classification

Carcinogenicity Group 3 (not specified for human Carcinogenicity) (IARC)

A 4 (not specified) (ACGIH)

Reproductive Toxicity At the doses which have general toxicity against mother

> animals, effects on the next generation were observed ("CERI-NITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48 (2005)" and CICAD 51 (2003)). In the experiment reported by Dawson et.al (1993), at the doses which had no effects on mother animals, mutation of the heart was observed in the next generation. CICAD 51 (2003), however, commented that biological significance of this experiment result was not clear and that it was impossible to

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure) conclude the reported effect was attributed to this reference material. The experimental result, therefore, was not used as the grounds for the classification.

For humans, it was reported that "depression or excitation of central nerve system was observed and, when the symptom was serious, developed into unconsciousness" and that "irritation was caused through several-minute exposure" ("CERI·NITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48(2005)") etc.

In the animal tests, "damage in capillary blood vessel and proximal renal tubule, centrilobular necrosis of liver and congestive edema in lungs" were reported ("CERI·NITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48 (2005)") etc. Based on the above, it is considered that the target organs are liver, kidney and respiratory organ and that this reference material features anesthetic action. The effects on the laboratory animals were within the range of the Guidance values equivalent to Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) For humans, "disorder of liver function" was reported ("CERINITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48 (2005)") etc. In the animal tests, "swelling of hepatocyte with mild centrilobular fatty degeneration, minor regressive kidney degeneration, ulcer and fatty degeneration and focal necrosis of liver" were reported ("CERINITE Hazard Assessment Report No.48 (2005)") etc. Based on the above, liver and kidney are considered to be the target organs. The effects on the laboratory animals were within the range of the Guidance values equivalent to Category 1 while the effects on kidney were within the range of Guidance values equivalent to Category 2.

Toxicity to Respiratory Organ (Aspiration)

There are several descriptions: "If humans swallow the liquid, they may develop chemical pneumonia due to aspiration" (ICSC (J) (2000)). "If humans ingest vinylidene chloride, it is better to rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Vomiting may result in aspiration, and vinylidene chloride may enter throat and/or lungs" (EHC 100 (1990)).

EPA: Group C (Possibly carcinogenic to humans)

#### 12. Ecological Information

Persistence and Degradability

• Not degradable by microorganisms 0% by BOD

Bioaccumulative Potential

• Bio-concentration factor (BCF); 2.5  $\sim$  6.4 (Concentration 0.5 mg/L);

13 (Concentration 0.05 mg/L)

**Ecotoxicity** 

Others

· Oryzias latipes LC50/48H: 20 mg/L

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· Crustacea (Daphnia magna) EC50=11.6 mg/L ("CERI·NITE Hazard Assessment Report (2005)")

#### 13. Disposal Considerations

Residual Waste : Incineration method

Dissolve this reference material in combustible solvent. Spray it into an incinerator equipped with scrubber and incinerate it.

Purify wastewater containing this reference material by treating it

with activated carbon etc. before discharging it.

Dispose in accordance with applicable legislation (Waste Disposal

and Public Cleaning Act) and local government codes.

When the above-mentioned treatments are not possible, entrust disposal of residual waste to a professional waste disposal company

licensed by prefectural governor.

Contaminated

Container and

Package

Dispose of containers after thoroughly removing their contents.

### 14. Transport Information

UN Number : 1303

UN : Class 3(Flammable Liquid)

Classification

Shipping Name : 1,1-Dichloroethylene (Vinylidene chloride)

Packing Group : PG I ICAO/IATA : -

Marine : Specified Pollutant

Precautions : Check before transport if containers are free from leakage.

Load in a way to avoid overturning, falling and being broken, and take

all necessary measures to prevent collapsing.

### 15. Regulatory Information

♦ Fire Service Act

· Type 4 Hazardous Substance, special inflammable substances (Water-insoluble)

♦ Industrial Safety and Health Act

- Article 57 (Enforcement Order: Article 18) Hazardous substance whose name, etc. must be labeled.
- Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order: Article 18-2) Hazardous substance whose name, etc. must be notified No.241
- Enforcement Order Appendix 1-4 Dangerous substance (Flammable goods)
- ♦ Act on the Evaluation of Chemical Substances and Regulation of Their Manufacture, etc.
- Type II Monitoring Chemical Substances
- ♦ Ship Safety Law (Dangerous Material Rule)
  - · Flammable Liquids

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- ♦ Civil Aeronautics Act
- · Flammable Liquid
- ♦ Act for the Prevention of Marine Pollution and Maritime Disasters
  - · Enforcement Order Appendix 1 Hazardous Liquid Substance Class P Substance
- ♦ Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR) Law
  - · Class 1 Designated chemical substances No.158
- **◇Water Pollution Control Act** 
  - · Hazardous substance (Article 2, Enforcement Order: Article 2)
- ♦Soil Contamination Countermeasures Act
  - · Specified Hazardous Substances (Article 2-1, Enforcement Order: Article 1)

#### 16. Other Information

#### Others

The information in this document is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on currently available information and data. The measures given in this document are applicable only to normal handling conditions. When handling this reference material under special conditions etc., it is recommended to take safety measures appropriate to each specific application and context of use. This document is intended to provide information and not intended to guarantee anything in handling this reference material.

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