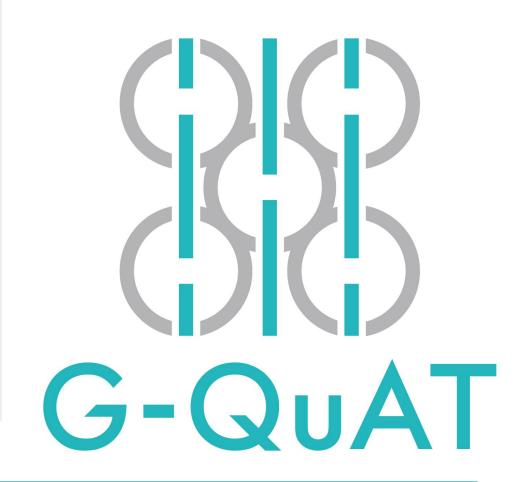
Quantum Computer / Sensor Hardware Component Testbed in G-QuAT

Aiming for a sustainable supply chain of quantum hardware components

- Quantum hardware supply chain/ecosystem with standardization
- Electrical/thermal/optical measurements from low temperature to RT
- Reducing the entry barriers for non-quantum companies into the quantum business



Quantum hardware testbed

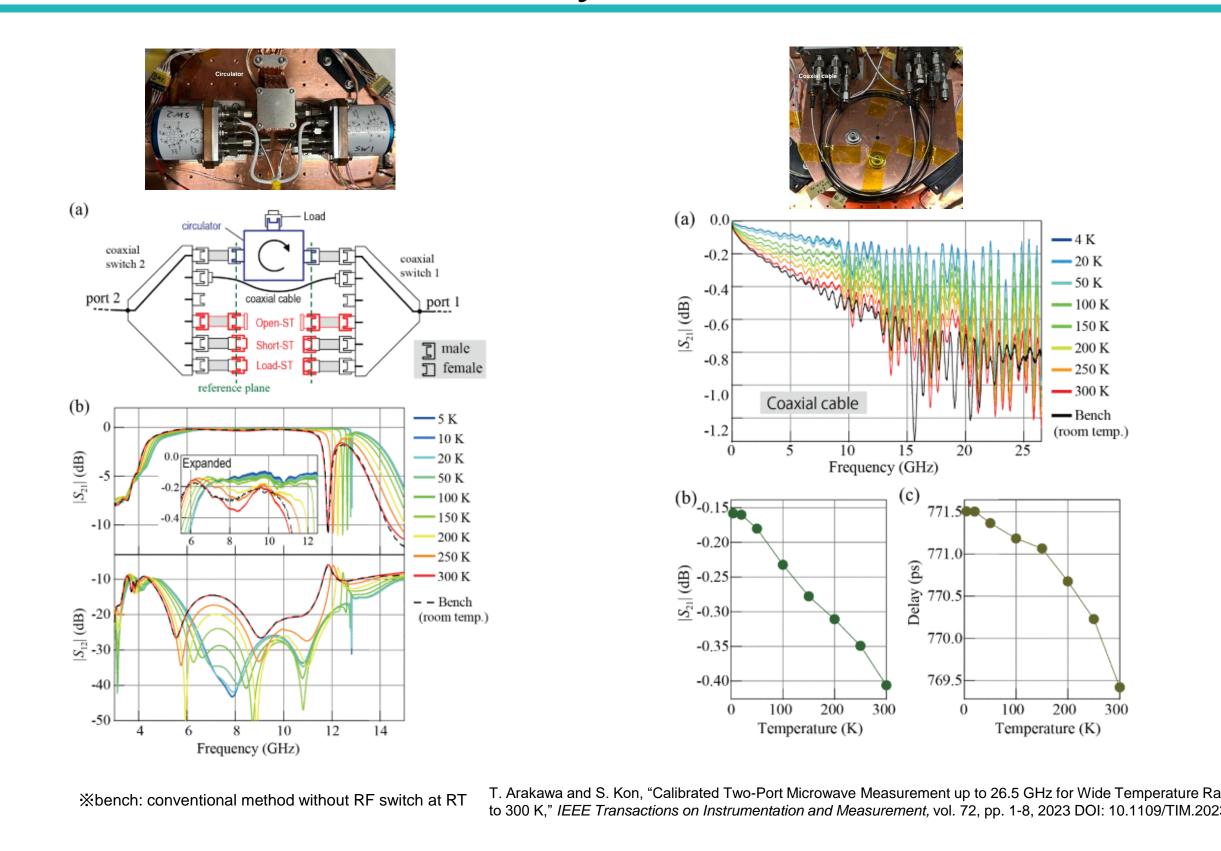
- Facilities enabling the evaluation of components and materials from low temperatures (20 mK) to room temperature
 - → Target: large-scale quantum hardware capable of handling up to 1000 qubits
- Testing, evaluation, certification, and standardization of components and materials.
 - → Collaborating with Q-STAR, companies, academia, and research institutions
 - → Commercialization by companies, strengthening of the supply chain.

One-stop testbed Superconducting/RF/highly Electrical/optical parts functional cable/components Low temperature manufacturers Manufacturers material/parts System / manufacturers manufacturers **AIST** Test at Low Temp, Temp diff **G-QuAT** • RF AIST's Quantum Hardware Thermal Components Magnetic Standardization One-stop Testbed Optical Colleges Research Quantum computer institutes companies Space exploration Quantum sensor companies

Preliminary test results

Components and parameters under test

- Active components
 - □ Amplifiers, semiconductor chips (Cryo-CMOS), MMIC, superconducting circuits/chips (e.g., AQFP, RSFQ), and others
- Passive components
 - ☐ Circulators, couplers, attenuators, capacitors, resistors, inductors, filters, chip carriers (RF), chip elements, cables (RF, SC, LF, DC), waveguides, connectors (e.g., high density), and others
- Optical components
 - □ Squeezed light sources, single photon sources, electrical-tooptical and optical-to-electrical transducers, fibers, others (mainly RT)
 - □ Squeezed light sources, single photon sources, optical wave guides, photon detectors, and others (20 mK to 4 K)
- Thermal properties of the above-mentioned components
 - thermal resistance/conductance, thermal expansion coefficient, and others
- Simulation and measurements of single and combined sets of the above-mentioned components, and consistency checks
- Screening of qubits (dilution fridges)



Quantum hardware testbed building and facilities

