

ICRU Symposium 2023 April 19, 2023, Iwaki, Fukushima

JAEA R&D Efforts for Decommissioning of the Fukushima Daiichi NPS

Tokio Fukahori Fukushima Research Institute Japan Atomic Energy Agency

> 未来へげんき To the Future / JAEA



- The 2011 Tohoku Earthquake off the Pacific coast, March 11, 2011, record high M9.0, and a tsunami struck a wide area along the coast.
- Nuclear reactors at Fukushima Daiichi NPS lost power and failed in cooling, lead to the INES 7 nuclear accident.



–Fukushima Nuclear Accident—

 Power supply and cooling system disabled
Core damage and hydrogen gas produced
Hydrogen explosion
Radioactive materials released into the air

Edited from "Steps for Revitalization in Fukushima 26th edition (Japanese ver.) <August 5, 2019>" . (Fukushima Prefecture) (accessed 2019/9/18)

Progress on 1F Decommissioning

(Ref.) Current status of Unit 1-4 of Fukushima Daiichi NPS



現在 現在 現在 現在 現在

Edited from Monthly progress (July 28, 2022) (METI web-site)" .

(URL) https://www.meti.go.jp/english/earthquake/nuclear/decommissioning/pdf/mp202207.pdf (accessed 2022/10/27) Photos are downloaded from https://www.tepco.co.jp/decommission/progress/about/.

(AEA) Remaining Challenges and R&D Needs

At the Fukushima Daiichi site, some progress has been made, …… But, there remain unpresedended challenges ahead for the long run.

- \checkmark A large amount of radioactive materials, remaining unsealed and unknown
- ✓ Incomplete barriers for containment
- ✓ Uncertainties on the state of radioactive materials and containment barriers
- ✓ Difficulty in an access

(Source: NDF Technical Strategic Plan 2021)



Sites/Facilities for Fukushima R&D



NARAHA Center for Remote Control Technology Development

Development and Training via Integration of Physical and Virtual Mockups

- Mockup : Highly reliable and replicable testing under specific condition
- Virtual : Inexpensive evaluation under a variety of conditions



3D Virtual Reality System





Full scale mock-up field

Unit 2 PCV mock-up for arm-like equipment demonstration test and operator training (IRID)



※ Source: METI official HP

Robot test areas







Robot Test Pool Motion capture system

(JAEA) Okuma Analysis and Research Center

Okuma Analysis and Research Center



Laboratory -1

- Hot-cell operation has started in October 2022.
- Analysis of low-and-medium-dose radioactive wastes.
- Analysis of ALPS-treated water as third-party institution.







Lab-2 (Pre-construction)

- Construction will start soon after the licensing process to be cleared.
- Analysis of high dose samples such as fuel debris.



%The image shows a concrete cells at another JAEA site.





Scale of research topics

(AEA) Radiation Measurement/Visualization

3D-Visualization of Invisible Radioactivity



3D map visualizing radiation dose rate^{*1}



◄ Image of Hot Spots Compton camera

- + 3D-Model
- + Photogrammetry Technique^{*2}

Compact Compton camera



Gamma-ray sensor

Radiation Measurement/Visualization

Monitoring and Confinement Management of Alpha Nuclides



Effective dose estimation upon inhalation (1F-U2)

In-situ Alpha Aerosol Monitor (IAAM)

Inside 1F-PCVs *"in-situ"* monitoring by the **IAAM**(*in-situ* alpha air monitor) Humidity: $\sim 100\%$ Flat-type flow path high β / γ -rays background α -rays detector: Thin film scintillator Processing of the Nulti-channel photomultiplier tube Fuel debris Highly-concentrated α -aerosols Cutting tools Air drying by heating **Fuel debris** Air inlet α-aerosols

IAAM(α -ray detector)

Real-time High-resolution Visualization of Individual Alpha-emitting Particle



Radiation Measurement/Visualization

Optical Fiber Laser-Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy (LIBS) Analysis





Evaluation of spatially dose rate before the start of debris retrieval operation



(JAEA) Advanced Radiation Source Evaluation

Radiation Source Evaluation System by using DX





Thank you for your attention.

